

# NRC Water Quality Monitoring

Presented by Gary Rosenlieb  
Water Resources Division  
Aquatic Professionals Meeting  
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## NRC Water Quality Monitoring

# FISCAL ROLLOUT

■ 2001:	\$1.275 million
■ 2003:	\$1.775 million
■ 2004:	\$2.372 million
■ 2005:	\$2.9 million

- 32 FTE (= 1 per Network)
- \$2.706 million to networks
- \$194,000 for data management





# Networks Fully Funded in '01

- Northeast Coastal and Barrier (\$90,000)
- Heartland (\$82,000)
- Sonoran Desert (\$64,000)
- Cumberland/Piedmont (\$59,000)
- Central Alaska (\$98,000)
- National Capital (\$71,000)
- Northern Colorado Plateau (\$108,000)
- San Francisco Bay (\$70,000)
- Southern Appalachian Highlands (\$70,000)
- Greater Yellowstone (\$71,000)
- Mediterranean Coast (\$76,000)
- North Coast and Cascades (\$82,000)
- (12 networks: \$941,000)**

**Vital Signs Monitoring Networks**



# Networks Fully Funded in '03

- Southwest Alaska (\$139,000)
  - Northeast Temperate (\$60,000)
  - Southern Colorado Plateau (\$124,000)
  - Pacific Island (\$151,000)
  - Great Lakes (\$123,000)
- (5 networks \$597,000: Total= \$1.58 million)

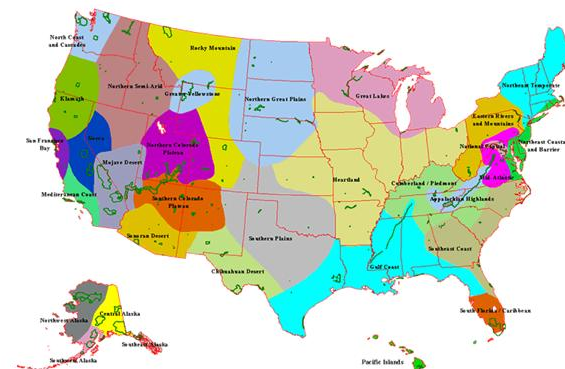
**Vital Signs Monitoring Networks**



# Networks Fully Funded in '04

- Gulf Coast (\$89,000)
  - Rocky Mountain (\$61,000)
  - Sierra Nevada (\$63,000)
  - Eastern Rivers and Mountains (\$63,000)
  - Arctic (\$151,000)
  - Klamath (\$76,000)
  - Southeast Coast (\$121,000)
- (7 networks, \$624,000: Total= \$2.204 million)

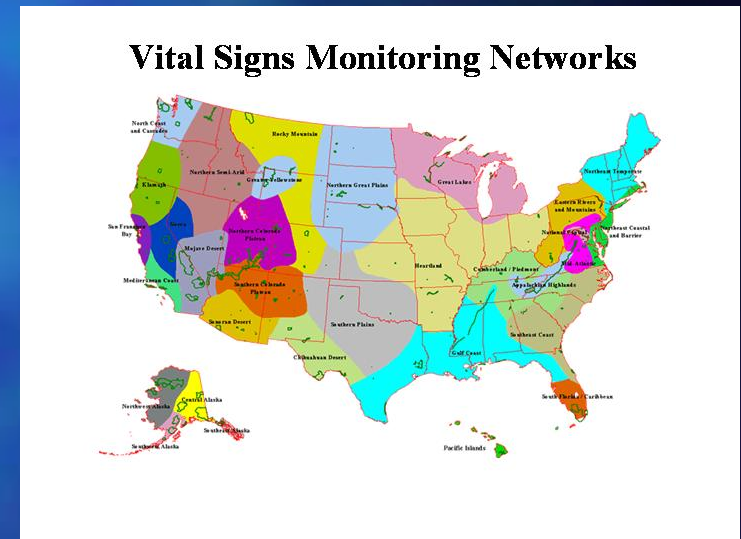
Vital Signs Monitoring Networks





# Networks Proposed for Funding in '05

- Northern Semi-Arid (\$50,000)
  - Southern Plains (\$29,000)
  - Mojave (\$80,000)
  - South Florida/Caribbean (\$147,000)
  - Southeast Alaska (\$42,000)
  - Mid-Atlantic (\$44,000)
  - Chihuahuan Desert (\$73,000)
  - Northern Great Plains (\$81,000)
- (8 networks \$546,000: Total = \$2.706 million)**



# Design and implementation of water quality monitoring is fully integrated with the Network Vital Signs Monitoring design process

- Funding
  - Staffing
  - Planning
  - Schedules
    - Administrative Reports
    - Workplans
    - Phase 1, 2, and 3 Vital Signs Plans
  - Design
  - Implementation
  - Data Management
  - Reporting
- Note: This is a very “decentralized” design approach



# Purpose of NRC-WQ Monitoring

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- Track and Support Attainment of NPS and DOI Strategic (GPRA) Goals
  - Protect pristine water quality (e.g., ONRW)
    - **Support additional CWA protections for unimpaired waters**
  - Improve Impaired Water Quality (as defined in GPRA)
    - **Support CWA provisions for improving water quality**



# Water Quality Designated Beneficial Use Classifications (I&M Theme #7b)

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## Servicewide and DOI Strategic Planning Goals:

- ✚ **Servicewide Goal 1a4: By September 30, 2005, 85% of 288 Park units have unimpaired water quality.**
- ✚ **DOI Draft Outcome Goal: Percent of surface waters that meet EPA approved Water Quality Standards (percent managed, percent influenced)**

# Service-wide Vital Signs Long-Term Aquatic Monitoring Guidance

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**Part A: Identification of priority impaired and pristine waters for the water quality vital signs monitoring component.**

**Part B: Planning Process Steps. Issues to consider and then to document in a detailed study plan that includes a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and monitoring "protocols" (Standard Operating Procedures)**

**Part C: Draft guidance on WRD required and other field parameter measurements, general monitoring methods, and some design considerations in preparation of a detailed study plan.**

**Part D: Draft guidance on laboratory analytes/ measurements and their consideration in preparation of a detailed study plan.**

**Part E: Draft guidance on data reporting and archiving in STORET.**

<http://science.nature.nps.gov/im/monitor/vsmTG.htm#TGWater>

## 2 Broad Categories as Monitoring Program Drivers

- **Category 1 Sites** – CWA or Regulatory Driven (State)
  - 303d-listed water body/stream segment (“water quality limited”)
    - TMDL is the “fix process”
  - Anti-degradation policy (Protection of Tiers 1, 2, & 3\* waters)
    - \*ONRW (special status) designation or desired objective (protection)
  - Meet an NPS strategic goal of “measurable or quantifiable” results (GPRA 1a.4) that a regulatory context provides through designated use criteria of narrative and numeric standards (see Part A of WRD Guidance)
  
- **Category 2 Sites** – Network/Park ID'd Stressors or Threats
  - May not fail an existing designated use narrative or numerical standard but.....
    - Threats or stressors are identified
    - Present or future ecological impairments are possible or likely
    - Need to establish baseline condition (support anti-degradation)
    - Aquatic resource tie-in with other vital sign is apparent (e.g. Air Resource)



# Freshwater Core Parameters



- Required Parameters at all monitoring sta.
  - Water Quality (4 – water column field meas.)
    - Temperature (degrees Celsius)
    - Specific Conductivity + Conductivity (uS/cm.)
    - pH Standard pH Units
    - Dissolved Oxygen mg/l
  - Water Quantity (quantitative\* or qualitative)
    - Flow or Discharge (flowing water body)
    - Stage/Level (non-flowing water body)
  - Photographic Documentation
    - Minimum record of one digital site photo

# Marine, Estuarine Core Parameters



- Water Quality ( Marine & Estuarine)
  - Temperature (degrees Celsius)
  - Salinity (ppt) + Conductivity (uS/cm)
  - pH Standard pH Units
  - Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)
- Marine Associated Required Information:
  - Tidal stage (e.g. high, low, or mid-tide) and direction (ebb, flood or slack water),
  - Estimated Wave Height.
  - Flushing time
  - Tidal range
  - Habitat description

# Data Management (WRD)

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- Data Input Templates (STORET)
  - Generated by WRD (Dean Tucker) based on:
    - STORET Requirements
    - NWQMC metadata recommendations
    - Additional NPS metadata input for QA/QC purposes
  - Yearly uploads of Network data (minimum)



# What Should be in Final Detailed Water Quality Monitoring Plan? (Vital Signs Phase 3 Final Plan - Review Checklist)

## Quality Assurance Project Plan

- **Field & Lab QA/QC: Control and Document Measurement:**
  - Sensitivity: Detection Limits
  - Precision
  - Systematic Error/Bias
  - Accuracy considering precision and bias
  - All the Items in the Checklist
  - See updated Part B guidance, to be Shortened
  - Don't Have to go Overboard, but "Do Something" for Each Checklist Item
- **Field forms and Data Management and Archiving Procedures and Schedule**
  - All the Items in the Checklist

# What Should be in Final Detailed Water Quality Monitoring Plan? (Vital Signs Phase 3 Final Plan - Review Checklist)

## General Plan

- List and Map of Network water bodies & sites to be monitored and their significance
- What is the purpose(s) or data objectives for monitoring at each site and some description of how the data is envisioned to be used by the Network and individual Park management?
  - examples:
    - a. CWA 303-d listing (removal)/(placement)
    - b. ONRW listing or possible future listing desired
    - c. establish baseline condition where existing or future WQ threat is anticipated
    - d. support an anti-degradation policy
    - e. long-term trend analysis
    - f. address a Park management issue
    - g. other (list/indicate)

## Where to Start?

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- Within their detailed study plans each Vital Sign Networks should identify and discuss the waters that are now have protective ONRW or similar protective designations as well as waters that may be candidates for designation. Monitoring plans should be adopted that will achieve the following two objectives:
  - Allow characterization of existing water quality and to identify changes or trends in water quality over time.
  - Identification of specific existing or emerging water quality problems.



## Where to Start?

- Each Vital Sign Network should identify and discuss the status of each water that is quality impaired, and should address how each water will be monitored. Generally, long-term monitoring should be conducted in these waters to achieve the following objectives:
  - Gather information on the pollutants that exceed standards that will assist the park and the state to design specific pollution prevention or remediation programs through Total Maximum Daily Loads.
  - Determine whether the overall program goal of improved water quality is being achieved after the implementation of effective pollution control actions.

# Information/Services Available From WRD

- Water Quality Data Inventory and Analysis Reports
- Level I Baseline Inventories (w/ I&M Program)
- Network based data management templates
- Servicewide database management (STORET)
- Designated Use and Impairments Database
- Review of Network Administrative Reports and Workplans
- Preparation of Report to Congress
- Review of Water Resources-Related Conceptual Models and Phase 1, 2 and 3 Vital Signs Monitoring Plans

# WRD Points of Contact

Fiscal Management, Technical Assistance,  
Administrative Reports and Annual Workplan Review

- Barry Long (970-225-3519)
- Gary Rosenlieb (970-225-3518)
  - North Coast and Cascades
  - Southern Appalachian Highlands
  - Southwest Alaska
  - Southern Colorado Plateau
  - **Gulf Coast (04 Start)**
  - **Sierra Nevada (04 Start)**
  - **Eastern Rivers and Mountains (04 Start)**
  - **Mid-Atlantic (05 Start)**
- Gary Rosenlieb (970-225-3528)
  - Northeast Coastal and Barrier
  - Sonoran Desert
  - Cumberland Piedmont
  - National Capital
  - **Arctic (04 Start)**
  - **Mojave (05 Start)**
  - **Chihuahuan Desert (05 Start)**
  - **Southern Plains (05 Start)**





# WRD Points of Contact

Fiscal Management, Technical Assistance,  
Administrative Reports and Annual Workplan Review  
and Data Management

## ■ Roy Irwin (970-225-3520)

- Heartland
- San Francisco Bay
- Mediterranean Coast
- Pacific Islands
- Great Lakes
- **Southeast Coast (04 Start)**
- **South Florida Caribbean (05 Start)**
- **Northern Great Plains (05 Start)**

## ■ Pete Penoyer (970-225-3535)

- Central Alaska
- Northern Colorado Plateau
- Northeast temperate
- **Rocky Mountain (04 Start)**
- **Klamath (04 Start)**
- **Northern Semi-Arid (05 Start)**
- **Southeast Alaska (05 Start)**

## ■ Bill Jackson (970-225-3503)

- Greater Yellowstone

## ■ Dean Tucker (970-225-3516)

- Data Management